

INTRODUCTION

- Hamstring strains are one of the most common musculoskeletal injuries¹
 - Reoccurrence rate of 34%¹
- Hamstring strain injury risk increases with a lack of flexibility²
- Self-myofascial release helps to increase range of motion (ROM), which reflects improved flexibility³
- A 3-5° increase in the stand and reach test (improved flexibility) occurred following foam rolling⁴
- However, the Stand and Reach test incorporates low-back and hamstring flexibility, making it unreliable as an isolated hamstring flexibility measurement^{4,5}
- Active knee extension test is considered the gold standard for measuring hamstring ROM; therefore, this test may be better for measuring isolated hamstring flexibility⁶

PURPOSE

- To investigate the acute effects of myofascial release, specifically foam rolling, on knee extension range of motion

HYPOTHESIS

- We hypothesized that hamstring flexibility would increase following foam rolling as compared to control

METHODS

- Research Design:** Randomized Control Pretest Posttest
- Independent Variables:** Group and Time
- Dependent Variable:** Knee extension range of motion change from pre-test to post-test
- Participants:** 3 (6 limbs) Daemen College students/faculty >18 years old free from upper and lower extremity injuries, no neurological conditions, no cardiovascular conditions, and no current experience with foam rolling of the hamstring

METHODS

Instrumentation

- Active Knee Extension Test (AKET) (Figure 1)**
 - Intrarater reliability of .76-.97⁷
 - 3 times with 1 minute rest



Figure 1: AKET apparatus

- Inclinometer (Figure 2)**

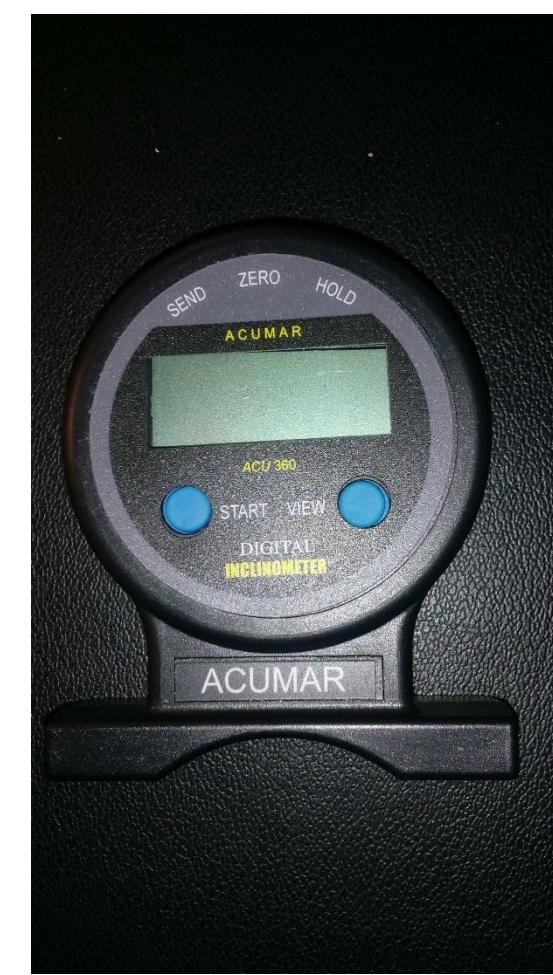


Figure 2: Acumar Single Digital Inclinometer (Lafayette Instrument®, Lafayette Instrument company, INC. Lafayette, IN)

- Foam Roller (Figure 3)**
 - A more rigid rolled exerts more pressure than a pliable one⁸
 - Foam rolling protocol: 5 - one minutes bouts to the hamstring muscle with 1 minute rest between each bout⁹



Figure 3: TriggerPoint GRID Foam Roller 1.0 (TriggerPoint, Implus LLC, Durham,NC)

Procedures (Figure 4)

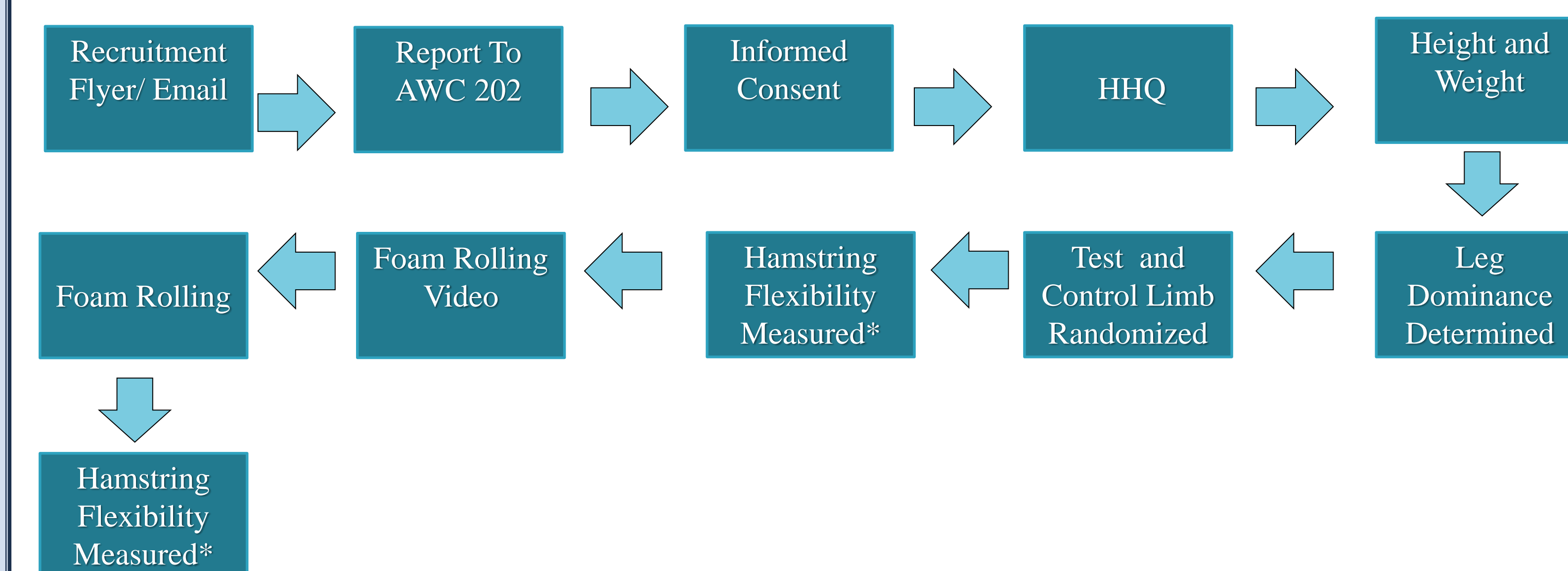


Figure 4: Procedures *Test limb measured first

RESULTS

Statistical Analysis

- Knee extension range of motion change score, means and standard deviations are presented for test and control limb (Table 1)
- An independent t-test will be utilized to compare differences between groups; SPSS v.23 was used for data analysis; $p < 0.05$

	Pre-Test (° ± SD)	Post-Test (° ± SD)	Δ Score (°)
Control	51 ± 11.5	56.2 ± 9.5	2.3
Experimental	53.9 ± 11	60.7 ± 8.4	6.8
p-value			0.38

Table 1: Mean±SD and Change Scores

CONCLUSIONS

- Greater clinically meaningful changes in ROM in the experimental group following foam rolling (Table 1)
- The changes in the control limb could be due to the cross-over effect
 - Although we waited the 10 minutes the effects of foam rolling on the contralateral limb were seen in the control limb post- foam rolling¹⁰
 - Control limb increases in ROM were higher then the standard error of measurement for the inclinometer¹¹
- While these results may suggest a clinically meaningful change in ROM, the small sample size is a limitation to this study and may have contributed to the lack of statistical significance
- Further research needs to be done on foam rolling the hamstring and testing AKET to isolate any hamstring flexibility improvements
- Further needs to be done on the cross-over effect after foam rolling as the findings of this study may suggest a longer lasting effect

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